

ROSPA

*The Royal Society for the
Prevention of Accidents*

Helping the Public Health Workforce achieve its outcomes

25th April 2014

Presented by:

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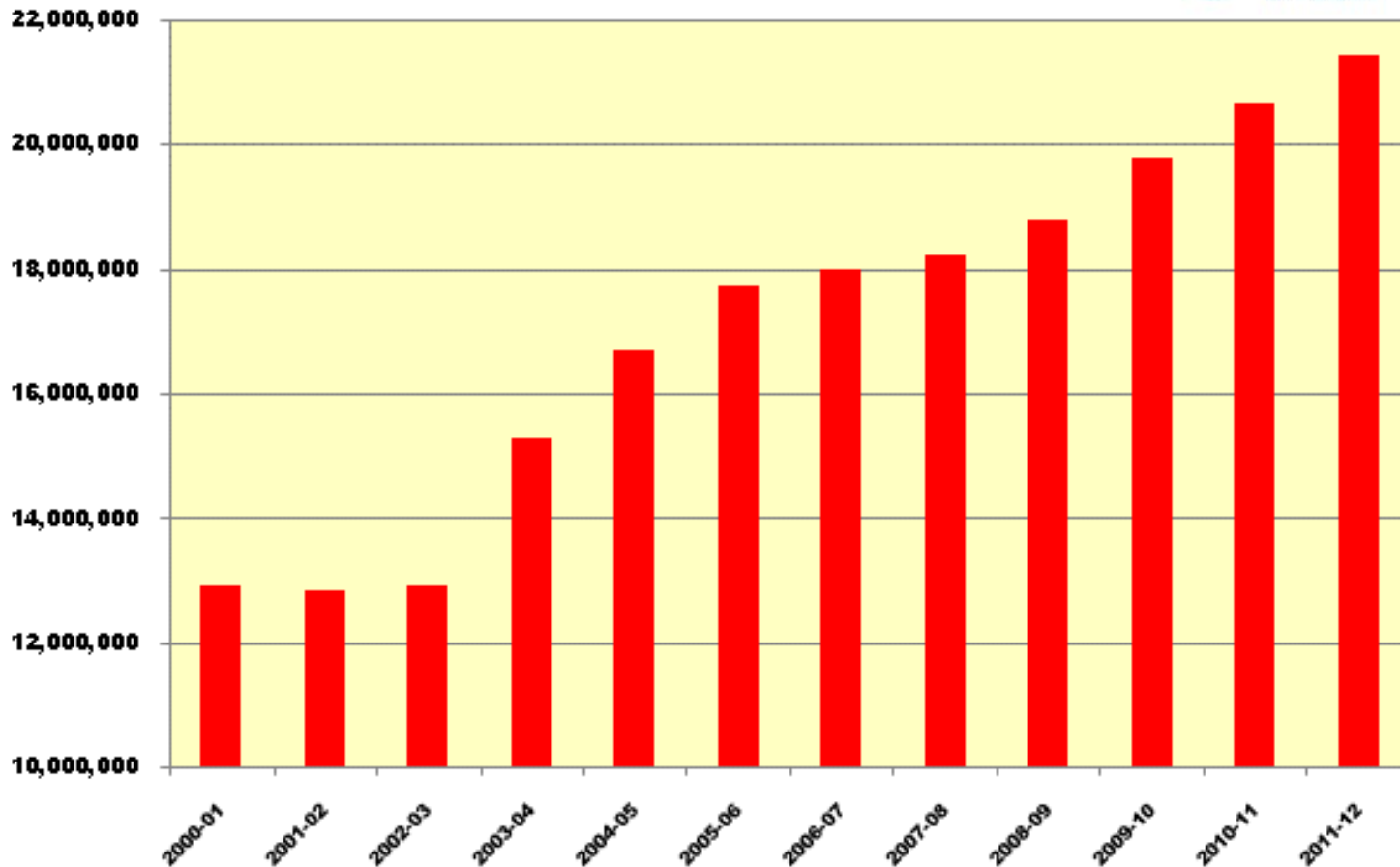


Links to the Public Health Outcomes Framework

The scale of the accident problem has been recognised in the Public Health Outcomes Framework where four key indicators have been developed that specifically relate to home accident prevention:

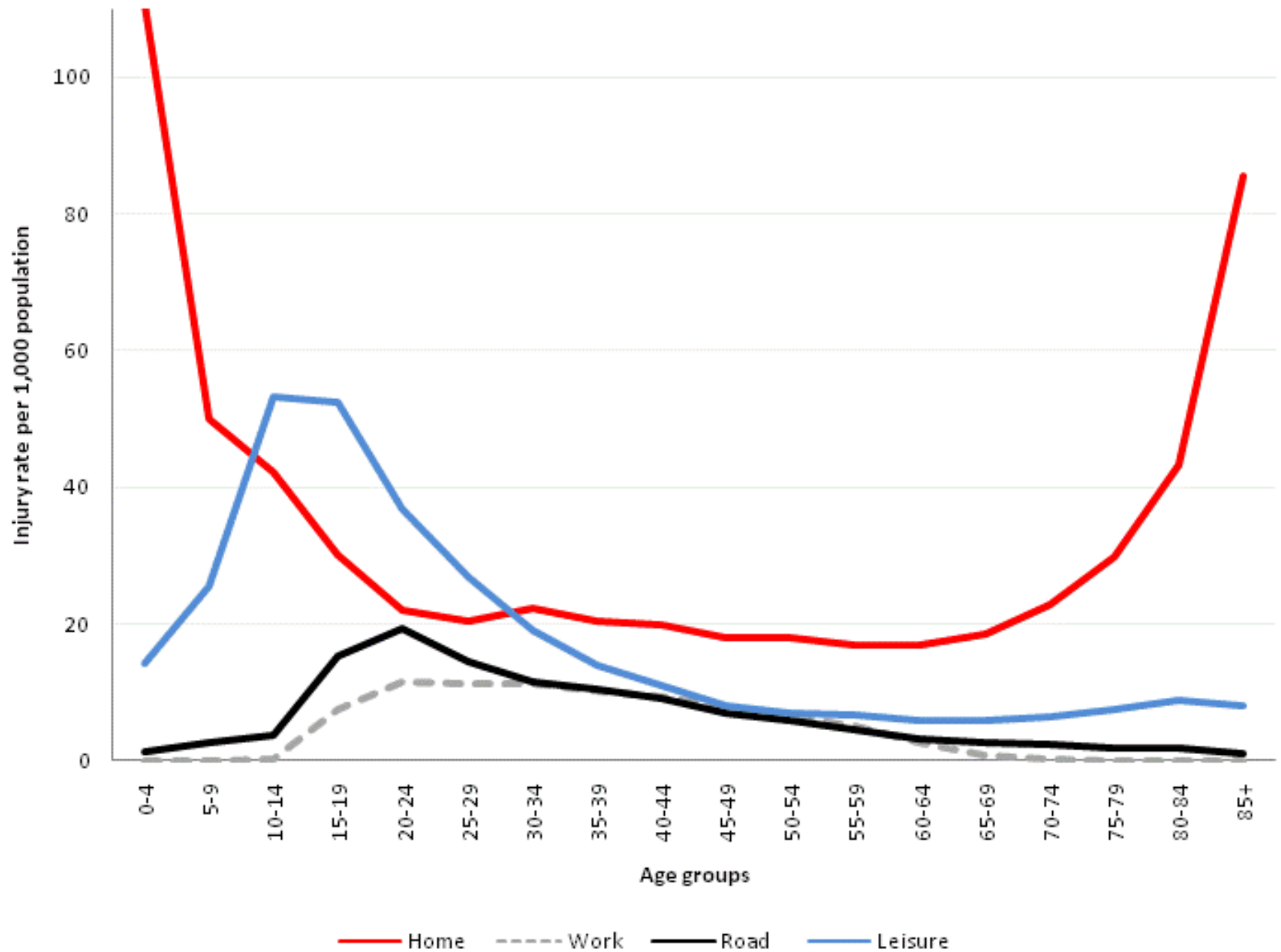
- **indicator 1.10:** Killed and seriously injured casualties on England's roads
- **Indicator 4.3:** Mortality from causes considered preventable
- **Indicator 2.7:** Hospital admissions caused by unintentional and deliberate injuries in under 18s
- **Indicator 2.24:** Falls and injuries in the over-65s
- **Indicator 4.14:** Hip fractures in the over-65s

Emergency Department Attendances - England 1987-2012



Injuries recorded in A&E, by age and location

(Source: RoSPA/ AWISS)



Healthcare priorities



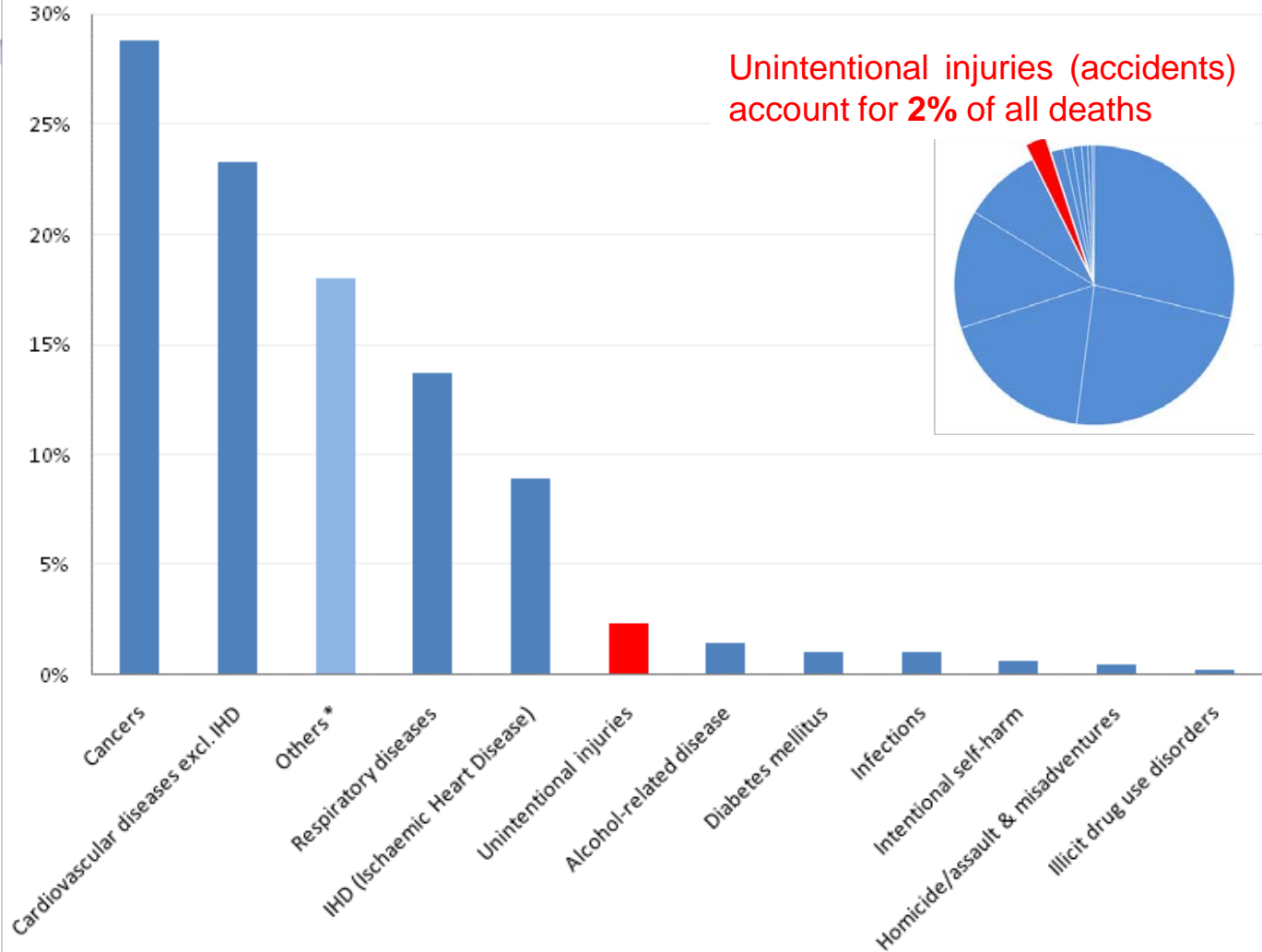
Prevention
£5 billions



Treatment
£100 billions

% of all deaths in 2010 by all underlying cause, all ages

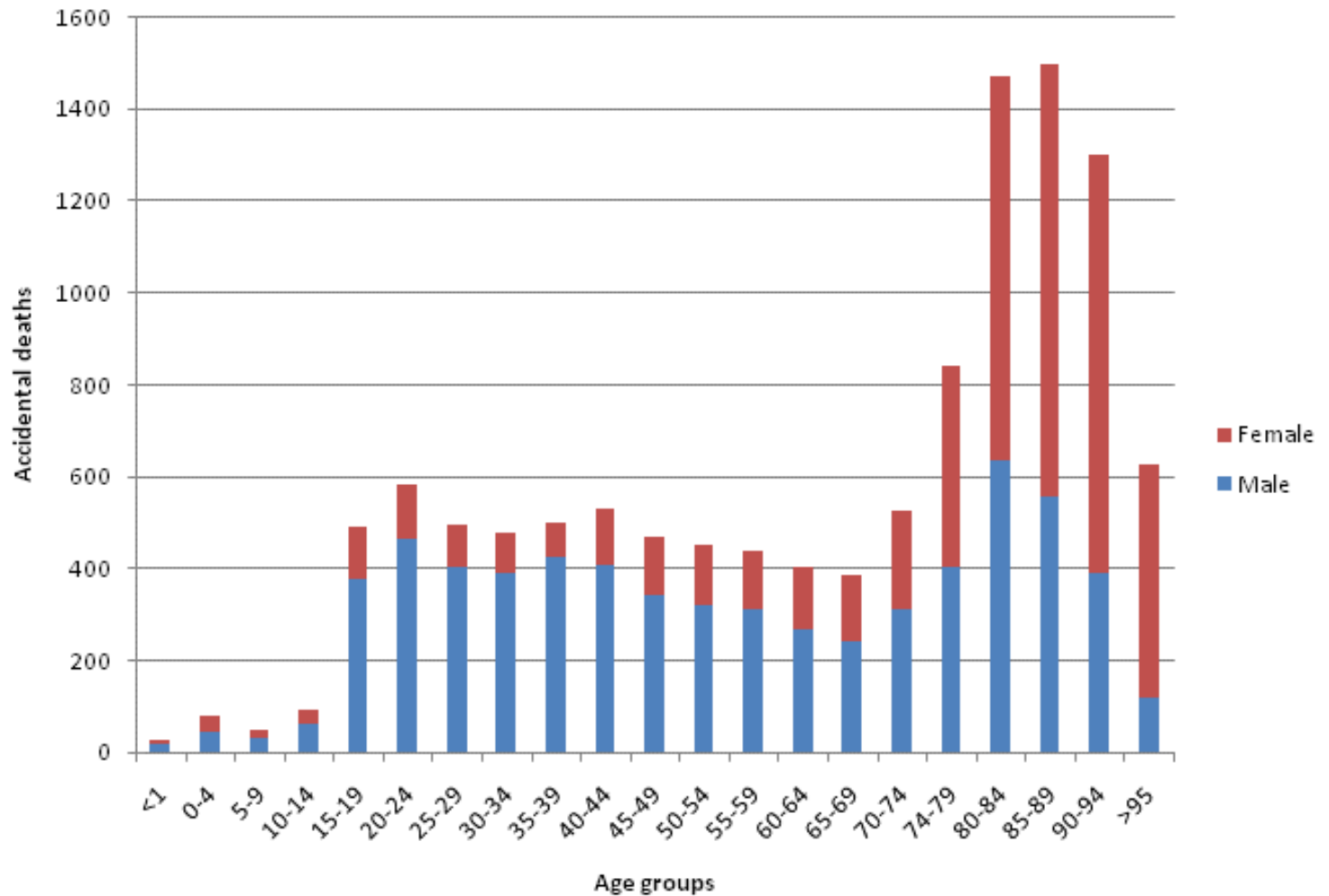
Source: RoSPA / Office for National Statistics for England & Wales



* others is a catch-all which includes all the causes of death not separately listed including skin disease, pregnancy/childbirth, mental disorders and diseases of the endocrine, nervous, digestive, musculoskeletal and genito-urinary systems.

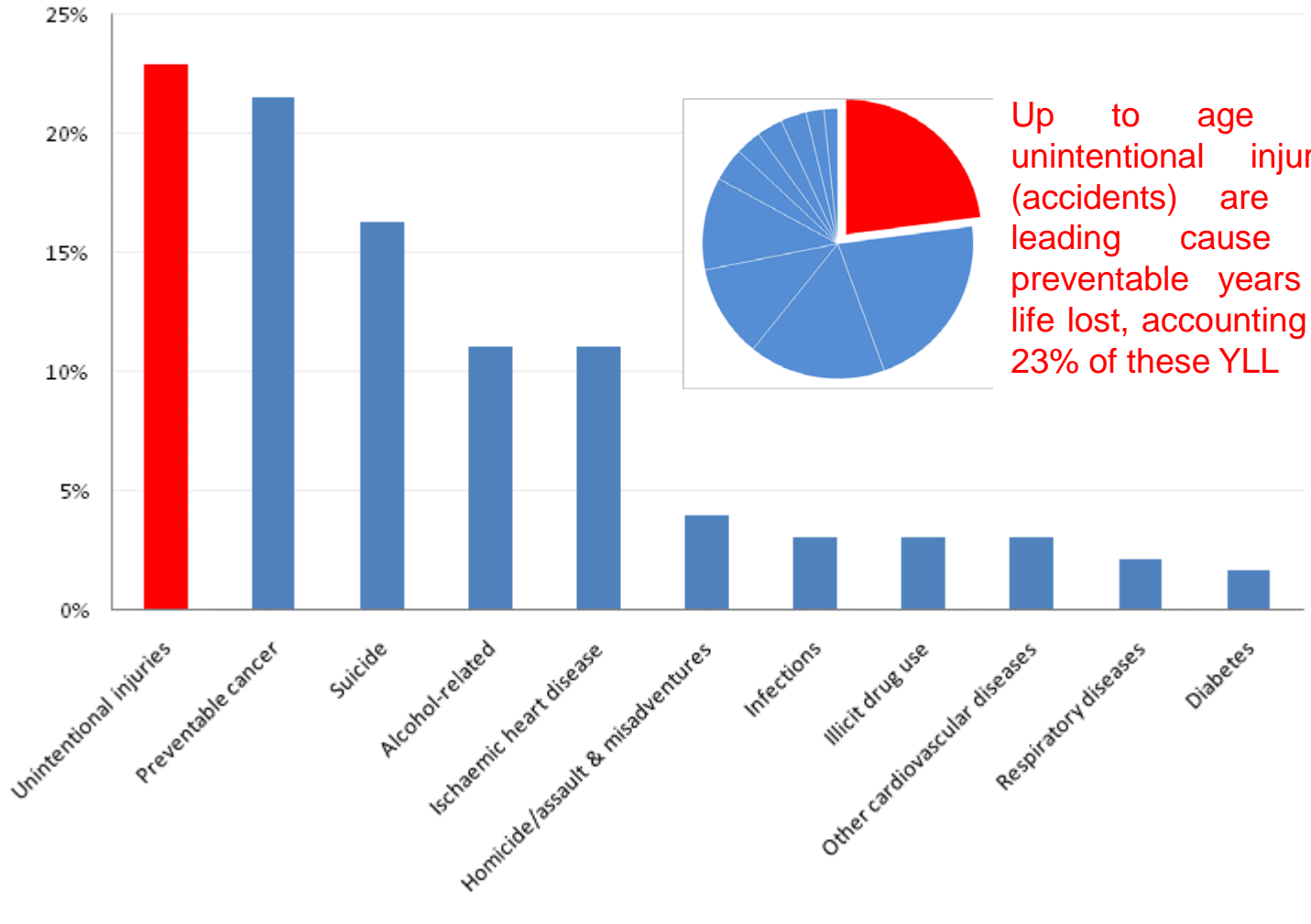
Deaths due to accidents by age group

ONS England & Wales 2005



% of total preventable years of life lost in 2010 to people up to age 60

Source: RoSPA / Office for National Statistics for England & Wales





<http://www.rosipa.com/about/currentcampaigns/publichealth/info/delivering-accident-prevention-context.pdf>



16,000 downloads since June 2014

RoSPA's mission is to save lives and reduce injuries

Thank you



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